

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 7, 2006

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 22, 2006

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 16, 2005

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2005–06 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 774

Introduced by Assembly Member Chan

February 18, 2005

An act to add Article 3 (commencing with Section 127400) to Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 107 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to hospitals.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 774, as amended, Chan. Hospitals: self-pay policies.

Existing law provides for the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development, which is charged with the administration of health policy and planning relating to health facilities, including hospitals. Existing law also provides for the licensure and regulation of health facilities by the State Department of Health Services.

This bill would require each hospital, as a condition of licensure, to maintain written policies about discount payment and charity care for financially qualified patients, as defined. The bill would require these policies to include, among other things, a section addressing eligibility criteria, as prescribed. The bill would require each hospital to perform various functions in connection with the hospital charity care and discount pay policies, including providing patients with a written summary of these policies and attempting to determine the availability of private or public health insurance coverage for each patient. The bill would also specify billing and collection procedures to be

followed by a hospital, its assignee, collection agency, or billing service.

This bill would require each hospital to submit to the office a copy of the hospital's discount payment and charity care policies, eligibility procedures, review process, and the application for charity care or discounted payment.

The bill would authorize the Director of Health Services to levy administrative penalties for each violation by a hospital of the above provisions.

This bill would also require the director to ensure that a hospital that overcharges a patient shall reimburse that patient, as described, or if the hospital cannot locate the patient, to use those funds towards providing care to financially qualified persons.

This bill would provide that to the extent that certain of the bill's requirements result in a specified federal determination relating to the hospital's established charge schedule, the requirement in question shall be inoperative with respect to all general acute care hospitals.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Article 3 (commencing with Section 127400) is
2 added to Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 107 of the Health and
3 Safety Code, to read:

4

5 Article 3. Self-pay Policies

6

7 127400. As used in this article, the following terms have the
8 following meanings:

9 (a) "Allowance for financially qualified patient" means, with
10 respect to services rendered to a financially qualified patient, an
11 allowance that is applied after the hospital's charges are imposed
12 on the patient, due to the patient's determined financial inability
13 to pay the charges.

14 (b) "Federal poverty level" means the poverty guidelines
15 updated periodically in the Federal Register by the United States
16 Department of Health and Human Services under authority of
17 subsection (2) of Section 9902 of Title 42 of the United States
18 Code.

1 (c) “Financially qualified patient” means *a patient who is* both
2 of the following:

3 (1) A patient who is a self-pay patient, as defined in
4 subdivision (f) or a patient with inadequate insurance, as defined
5 in subdivision (g).

6 (2) A patient who has a family income that does not exceed
7 350 percent of the federal poverty level.

8 (d) “Hospital” means any facility that is required to be
9 licensed under subdivision (a), (b), or (f) of Section 1250, except
10 a facility operated by the State Department of Mental Health or
11 the Department of Corrections.

12 (e) “Office” means the Office of Statewide Health Planning
13 and Development.

14 (f) “Self-pay patient” means a patient who does not have
15 third-party coverage from a health insurer, health care service
16 plan, Medicare, or Medicaid, and whose injury is not a
17 compensable injury for purposes of workers’ compensation,
18 automobile insurance, or other insurance as determined and
19 documented by the hospital. Self-pay patients may include
20 charity care patients.

21 (g) “A patient with inadequate insurance” means a person
22 whose family income does not exceed 350 percent of the federal
23 poverty level, as defined in subdivision (c), and annual
24 deductibles that exceed 5 percent of the patient’s annual income
25 or a lower level determined in accordance with a hospital’s
26 charity care policy, if that individual does not receive a
27 discounted rate from the hospital as a result of his or her
28 coverage.

29 127401. Each general acute care hospital licensed pursuant to
30 subdivision (a) of Section 1250 shall comply with the provisions
31 of this article as a condition of licensure. The State Department
32 of Health Services shall be responsible for the enforcement of
33 these provisions.

34 127405. (a) (1) Each hospital shall maintain an
35 understandable written policy regarding discount payments for
36 financially qualified patients as well as an understandable written
37 charity care policy. Uninsured patients or patients with
38 inadequate insurance who are at or below 350 percent of the
39 federal poverty level, as defined in subdivision (c) of Section
40 127400, shall be eligible to apply for participation under each

1 hospital's charity care policy or discount payment policy.
2 Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a hospital may
3 choose to grant eligibility for its discount payment policy or
4 charity care policies to patients with incomes over 350 percent of
5 the federal poverty level. Both the charity care policy and the
6 discount payment policy shall state the process used by the
7 hospital to determine whether a patient is eligible for charity care
8 or discounted payment. In the event of a dispute, a patient may
9 seek review from the business manager, chief financial officer, or
10 other appropriate manager as designated in the charity care
11 policy and the discount payment policy.

12 *(2) Rural hospitals, as defined in Section 124840, may*
13 *establish eligibility levels for financial assistance and charity*
14 *care at less than 350 percent of the federal poverty level as*
15 *appropriate to maintain their financial and operational integrity.*

16 (b) Each hospital's discount payment policy shall clearly state
17 eligibility criteria based upon income consistent with the
18 application of the federal poverty level. The discount payment
19 policy shall also include an extended payment plan to allow
20 payment of the discounted price over time. The policy shall
21 provide that the hospital and the patient may negotiate the terms
22 of the payment plan.

23 (c) The charity care policy shall clearly state eligibility criteria
24 for charity care. In determining eligibility under its charity care
25 policy, a hospital may consider income and monetary assets of
26 the patient. For purposes of this determination, monetary assets
27 shall not include retirement or deferred-compensation plans
28 qualified under the Internal Revenue Code, or nonqualified
29 deferred-compensation plans. Furthermore, the first ten thousand
30 dollars (\$10,000) of a patient's monetary assets shall not be
31 counted in determining eligibility, nor shall 50 percent of a
32 patient's monetary assets over the first ten thousand dollars
33 (\$10,000) be counted in determining eligibility.

34 (d) Each hospital shall limit expected payment for services it
35 provides to any patient at or below 350 percent of the federal
36 poverty level, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 124700,
37 eligible under its discount payment policy to the amount of
38 payment the hospital would receive for providing services from
39 Medicare, Medi-Cal, Healthy Families, or any other
40 government-sponsored health program of health benefits in

1 which the hospital participates, whichever is greater. If the
2 hospital provides a service for which there is no established
3 payment by Medicare or any other government-sponsored
4 program of health benefits in which the hospital participates, the
5 hospital shall establish an appropriate discounted payment.

6 (e) Any patient, or patient's legal representative, who requests
7 a discounted payment, charity care, or other assistance in meeting
8 their financial obligation to the hospital shall make every
9 reasonable effort to provide the hospital with documentation of
10 income.

11 (1) For the purpose of determining eligibility for discounted
12 payment, documentation of income shall be limited to recent pay
13 stubs or income tax returns.

14 (2) For the purpose of determining eligibility for charity care,
15 documentation of assets may include information on all monetary
16 assets, but shall not include statements on retirement or
17 deferred-compensation plans qualified under the Internal
18 Revenue Code, or nonqualified deferred-compensation plans. A
19 hospital may require waivers or releases from the patient or the
20 patient's family, authorizing the hospital to obtain account
21 information from financial or commercial institutions, or other
22 entities that hold or maintain the monetary assets to verify their
23 value. Information obtained pursuant to this paragraph shall not
24 be used for collections activities.

25 (3) Eligibility for discounted payments or charity care may be
26 determined at any time the hospital is in receipt of information
27 specified in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2), respectively.

28 127410. (a) Each hospital shall provide patients with a
29 written summary of the hospital's policy for financially qualified
30 ~~and self-pay~~ patients at the time of admission. The written
31 summary shall be consistent with the ~~written estimate~~ *summary*
32 provided pursuant to Section 1339.585, and shall contain
33 information about availability of the hospital's discount payment
34 and charity care policies, including eligibility criteria, as well as
35 contact information for a hospital employee or office from which
36 the person may obtain further information about these policies.
37 This written summary shall be provided in addition to the
38 estimate provided pursuant to Section 1339.585. The summary
39 shall also be provided to patients who receive emergency or
40 outpatient care and who may be billed for that care, but who were

1 not admitted. The summary shall be provided in English, and in
2 languages other than English. The languages to be provided shall
3 be determined in a manner similar to that required pursuant to
4 Section 12693.30 of the Insurance Code. All written
5 correspondence to the patient required by this article shall also be
6 in the language spoken by the patient, consistent with this
7 section.

8 (b) Notice of the hospital's policy for financially qualified and
9 self-pay patients shall be clearly and conspicuously posted in
10 locations that are visible to the public, including, but not limited
11 to, all of the following:

- 12 (1) Emergency department, if any.
- 13 (2) Billing office.
- 14 (3) Admissions office.
- 15 (4) Other outpatient settings.

16 127420. (a) Each hospital shall make all reasonable efforts to
17 obtain from the patient or his or her representative information
18 about whether private or public health insurance or sponsorship
19 may fully or partially cover the charges for care rendered by the
20 hospital to a patient, including, but not limited to, any of the
21 following:

- 22 (1) Private health insurance.
- 23 (2) Medicare.
- 24 (3) The Medi-Cal program, the Healthy Families Program, the
25 California Childrens' Services Program, or other state-funded
26 programs designed to provide health coverage.

27 (b) If a hospital bills a patient who has not provided proof of
28 coverage by a third party at the time the care is provided or upon
29 discharge, as a part of that billing, the hospital shall provide the
30 patient with a clear and conspicuous notice that includes all of
31 the following:

32 (1) A statement of charges for services rendered by the
33 hospital.

34 (2) A request that the patient inform the hospital if the patient
35 has health insurance coverage, Medicare, Healthy Families,
36 Medi-Cal, or other coverage.

37 (3) A statement that if the consumer does not have health
38 insurance coverage, the consumer may be eligible for Medicare,
39 Healthy Families, Medi-Cal, California Childrens' Services
40 Program, or charity care.

(4) A statement indicating how patients may obtain applications for the Medi-Cal program and the Healthy Families Program and that the hospital will provide these applications on request. If, at the time care is provided, the patient does not show proof of coverage by a third-party payer specified in subdivision (a), then the hospital shall send an application for the Medi-Cal program and the Healthy Families Program to the patient. This application may accompany the billing.

(5) Information regarding the financially qualified patient and charity care application, including the following:

~~(A) The hospital contact for resources for additional information regarding charity care.~~

~~(B) A statement indicating how patients may obtain an application for a financially qualified patient. The statement shall provide information about the family income requirements for financially qualified patients as provided in this article.~~

(A) A statement that indicates that if the patient lacks, or has inadequate, insurance, and meets certain low- and moderate-income requirements, the patient may qualify for discounted payment or charity care.

(B) The name and telephone number of a hospital employee or office from whom or which the patient may obtain information about the hospital's discount payment and charity care policies, and how to apply for that assistance.

127425. (a) Each hospital shall have a written policy about when and under whose authority patient debt is advanced for collection, whether the collection activity is conducted by the hospital, an affiliate or subsidiary of the hospital, or by an external collection agency.

(b) Each hospital shall establish a written policy defining standards and practices for the collection of debt, and shall obtain a written agreement from any agency that collects hospital receivables that it will adhere to the hospital's standards and scope of practices. In determining the amount of a debt a hospital may seek to recover from patients who are eligible under the hospital's charity care policy or discount payment policy, the hospital may consider only income and monetary assets as limited by Section 127405.

(c) At time of billing, each hospital shall provide a written summary consistent with Section ~~124710~~ 127410, which includes

1 the same information concerning services and charges provided
2 to all other patients who receive care at the hospital.

3 ~~(d) When sending a bill to a patient, each hospital shall also~~
4 ~~include all of the following:~~

5 ~~(1) A statement that indicates that if the patient meets certain~~
6 ~~low income requirements, the patient may be eligible for a~~
7 ~~government-sponsored program.~~

8 ~~(2) A statement that indicates that if the patient lacks insurance~~
9 ~~or is under-insured, and meets certain low and moderate income~~
10 ~~requirements, the patient may qualify for discounted payment or~~
11 ~~charity care.~~

12 ~~(3) The name and telephone number of a hospital employee or~~
13 ~~office from whom or which the patient may obtain information~~
14 ~~about the hospital's discount payment and charity care policies,~~
15 ~~and how to apply for that assistance.~~

16 ~~(e)~~

17 ~~(d)~~ For a patient that lacks coverage, or for a patient that
18 provides information that he or she may be ~~under-insured~~ a
19 *patient with inadequate insurance*, as defined in this article, a
20 hospital, any assignee of the hospital, or other owner of the
21 patient debt, including a collection agency, shall not report
22 adverse information to a consumer credit reporting agency or
23 commence civil action against the patient for nonpayment, prior
24 to 150 days after initial billing. For purposes of this subdivision,
25 a hospital may sell or assign debt to another entity if that entity
26 does not report adverse information to a consumer credit agency.

27 ~~(f)~~

28 ~~(e)~~ If a patient qualifies for eligibility under the hospital's
29 charity care or discount payment policy and is attempting in good
30 faith to settle an outstanding bill with the hospital by negotiating
31 a reasonable payment plan or by making regular partial payments
32 of a reasonable amount, the hospital shall not send the unpaid bill
33 to any collection agency if doing so may negatively impact a
34 patient's credit.

35 ~~(g)~~

36 ~~(f)~~ The hospital or collection agency operating on behalf of the
37 hospital shall not, in dealing with patients eligible under the
38 hospital's charity care or discount payment policies, use wage
39 garnishments or liens on primary residences as a means of
40 collecting unpaid hospital bills. This requirement does not

1 preclude a hospital from pursuing reimbursement from
2 third-party liability settlements, tortfeasors, or other legally
3 responsible parties.

4 ~~(h)~~

5 (g) Any extended payment plans offered by a hospital to assist
6 patients eligible under the hospital's charity care policy, discount
7 payment policy, or any other policy adopted by the hospital for
8 assisting low-income patients with no or inadequate insurance in
9 settling outstanding past due hospital bills, shall be interest free.

10 ~~(i)~~

11 (h) Nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish or
12 eliminate any protections consumers have under existing federal
13 and state debt collection laws, or any other consumer protections
14 available under state or federal law.

15 127426. (a) The period described in Section 127425 shall be
16 extended if the patient has a pending appeal for coverage of the
17 services, until a final determination of that appeal is made, if the
18 patient makes a reasonable effort to communicate with the
19 hospital about the progress of any pending appeals.

20 (b) For purposes of this section, "pending appeal" includes any
21 of the following:

22 (1) A grievance against a health care service plan, as described
23 in Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2, or
24 against an insurer, as described in Chapter 1 (commencing with
25 Section 10110) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code.

26 (2) An independent medical review, as described in Section
27 10145.3 or 10169 of the Insurance Code.

28 (3) A fair hearing for a review of a Medi-Cal claim pursuant to
29 Section 10950 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

30 (4) An appeal regarding Medicare coverage consistent with
31 federal law and regulations.

32 127430. (a) Prior to commencing collection activities against
33 a patient, the hospital, any assignee of the hospital, or other
34 owner of the patient debt, including a collection agency, shall
35 provide the patient with a clear and conspicuous written notice
36 containing both of the following:

37 (1) A plain language summary of the patient's rights pursuant
38 to this article, the Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act
39 (Title 1.6C (commencing with Section 1788) of Part 4 of
40 Division 3 of the Civil Code), and the federal Fair Debt

1 Collection Practices Act (Subchapter V (commencing with
2 Section 1692) of Chapter 41 of Title 15 of the United States
3 Code). The summary shall include a statement that the Federal
4 Trade Commission enforces the federal act.

5 The summary shall be sufficient if it appears in substantially
6 the following form: “State and federal law require debt collectors
7 to treat you fairly and prohibit debt collectors from making false
8 statements or threats of violence, using obscene or profane
9 language, and making improper communications with third
10 parties, including your employer. Except under unusual
11 circumstances, debt collectors may not contact you before 8:00
12 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m. In general, a debt collector may not give
13 information about your debt to another person, other than your
14 attorney or spouse. A debt collector may contact another person
15 to confirm your location or to enforce a judgment. For more
16 information about debt collection activities, you may contact the
17 Federal Trade Commission by telephone at 1-877-FTC-HELP
18 (382-4357) or online at www.ftc.gov.”

19 (2) Information about nonprofit credit counseling services in
20 the area.

21 (b) The notice required by subdivision (a) shall also
22 accompany any document indicating that the commencement of
23 collection activities may occur.

24 (c) The requirements of this section shall apply to the entity
25 engaged in the collection activities. If a hospital assigns or sells
26 the debt to another entity, the obligations shall apply to the entity,
27 including a collection agency, engaged in the debt collection
28 activity.

29 127435. Each hospital shall provide to the office a copy of its
30 discount payment policy, charity care policy, eligibility
31 procedures for those policies, review process, and the application
32 for charity care or discounted payment programs. The office may
33 determine whether the information is to be provided
34 electronically or in some other manner. The information shall be
35 provided at least biennially on January 1, or when a significant
36 change is made. If no significant change has been made by the
37 hospital since the information was previously provided, notifying
38 the office of the lack of change shall meet the requirements of
39 this section. The office shall make this information available to
40 the public.

1 127440. (a) For violations of this article, the Director of
2 Health Services may, after appropriate notice and opportunity for
3 hearing, levy administrative penalties. When assessing
4 administrative penalties against a health facility, the director shall
5 determine the appropriate amount of the penalty for each
6 violation. In making that determination, the director may
7 consider the following factors:

- 8 (1) The nature, scope, and gravity of the violation.
- 9 (2) The facility's history of violations.
- 10 (3) The demonstrated willfulness of the violation.
- 11 (4) The behavior of the facility with respect to violations,
12 including whether the facility mitigated any damage or injury
13 from the violations.

14 (b) In lieu of an administrative penalty, the director may
15 require the hospital to provide care at no cost to financially
16 qualified persons in a value comparable to three times the value
17 of the care provided in violation of Section 127405.

18 127441. The director shall order the hospital to reimburse the
19 patient or patients that were overcharged the amount of actual
20 financial damages, including interest. If the hospital is unable to
21 locate a patient or patients, the hospital shall use the remaining
22 funds to provide care at no cost to financially qualified persons.

23 127442. A hospital may appeal an administrative penalty
24 within 30 days, as consistent with section 100171. The facility
25 may also seek to adjudicate the validity of the violation or the
26 penalty.

27 127443. The rights, remedies, and penalties established by
28 this article are cumulative, and shall not supersede the rights,
29 remedies, or penalties established under other laws.

30 127444. Nothing in this article shall be construed to prohibit
31 a hospital from uniformly imposing charges from its established
32 charge schedule or published rates, nor shall this article preclude
33 the recognition of a hospital's established charge schedule or
34 published rates for the Medi-Cal program and the Medicare
35 Program reimbursement charges.

36 127445. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
37 amounts paid by patients for services resulting from the self-pay
38 allowances or charity care arrangements that are applied under a
39 hospital's self-pay and charity care policies shall not constitute a
40 hospital's uniform, published, prevailing, or customary charges,

1 its usual fees to the general public, or its charges to
2 non-Medi-Cal purchasers under comparable circumstances, for
3 purposes of any payment limit under federal Medicaid law,
4 Medi-Cal law, or any other federal or state-financed health care
5 program.

6 127446. To the extent that any requirement of Section
7 127400, 127401, or 127405 results in a federal determination that
8 a hospital's established charge schedule or published rates are not
9 the hospital's customary or prevailing charges for services, the
10 requirement in question shall be inoperative for all general acute
11 care hospitals, including, but not limited to, a hospital that is
12 licensed to and operated by a county or a hospital authority
13 established pursuant to Section 101850. The State Department of
14 Health Services shall seek federal guidance regarding
15 modifications to the requirement in question. All other
16 requirements of this article shall remain in effect.